UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

	for the		
Middle	District of Tennesse	e <u></u>	
VALERIA TANCO and SOPHY JESTY, IJPE DEKOE and THOMAS KOSTURA, and JOHNO ESPEJO and MATTHEW MANSELL, Plaintiffs, V. WILLIAM E. "BILL" HASLAM, et al., Defendants.) Case No.:	3:13-cv-01159 Judge Aleta A. Traugh	ner
]	BILL OF COSTS		
Judgment having been entered in the above entitled acti	on on August 24, 2015	against Defer	ndants ,
the Clerk is requested to tax the following as costs:	Date		
Fees of the Clerk			\$400
Fees for service of summons and subpoena			
Fees for printed or electronically recorded transcripts ne	cessarily obtained for use in	the case	
Fees and disbursements for printing	\$17,818		
Fees for witnesses (itemize on page two)			
Fees for exemplification and the costs of making copies necessarily obtained for use in the case.			
Docket fees under 28 U.S.C. 1923			
Costs as shown on Mandate of Court of Appeals			
Compensation of court-appointed experts			
Compensation of interpreters and costs of special interp	retation services under 28 U.	S.C. 1828	
Other costs (please itemize)	Pro Hac Motion Fil	ing Fees	\$375
See Declaration of J. Scott Hic	kman and Douglas Hallward-D	riemier TOTAL	
SPECIAL NOTE: Attach to your bill an itemization and	documentation for requeste	d costs in all categor	ies.
	Declaration		
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoervices for which fees have been charged were actually in the following manner: Electronic service		A copy of this bill h	
Other:			
s/ Attorney: /s/ Scott Hikeman			
Name of Attorney: J. Scott Hickman			
For: Valeria Tanco and Sophy Jesty, Ijpe DeKoe and Thomas Name of Claiming			ee: October 8, 2015
Costs to be presented to Clerk for taxation on :	October 16, 2015	at 10:00	a.m./p.m. (LR 54.01(a))
Costs are taxed in the amount of		an	d included in the judgment.
Clerk of Court	By:	lork	 Date
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Witness Fees (computation, cf. 28 U.S.C. 1821 for statutory fees)									
NAME , CITY AND STATE OF RESIDENCE	ATTENDANCE Total Days Cost		SUBSISTENCE Total Days Cost		MILEAGE Total Miles Cost		Total Cost Each Witness		
	Days	Cost	Days	Cost	Willes	Cost	\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
	<u> </u>						\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
							\$0.00		
			TOTAL			\$0.00			

NOTICE

Section 1924, Title 28, U.S. Code (effective September 1, 1948) provides:

"Sec. 1924. Verification of bill of costs."

"Before any bill of costs is taxed, the party claiming any item of cost or disbursement shall attach thereto an affidavit, made by himself or by his duly authorized attorney or agent having knowledge of the facts, that such item is correct and has been necessarily incurred in the case and that the services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarily performed."

See also Section 1920 of Title 28, which reads in part as follows:

"A bill of costs shall be filed in the case and, upon allowance, included in the judgment or decree."

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contain the following provisions: RULE 54(d)(1)

Costs Other than Attorneys' Fees.

Unless a federal statute, these rules, or a court order provides otherwise, costs — other than attorney's fees — should be allowed to the prevailing party. But costs against the United States, its officers, and its agencies may be imposed only to the extent allowed by law. The clerk may tax costs on 14 day's notice. On motion served within the next 7 days, the court may review the clerk's action.

RULE 6

(d) Additional Time After Certain Kinds of Service.

When a party may or must act within a specified time after service and service is made under Rule5(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), or (F), 3 days are added after the period would otherwise expire under Rule 6(a).

RULE 58(e)

Cost or Fee Awards:

Ordinarily, the entry of judgment may not be delayed, nor the time for appeal extended, in order to tax costs or award fees. But if a timely motion for attorney's fees is made under Rule 54(d)(2), the court may act before a notice of appeal has been filed and become effective to order that the motion have the same effect under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(4) as a timely motion under Rule 59.